

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON WATER, LAND, & OCEAN RESOURCES February 7, 2011, 9:00 A.M.

(Testimony is 1 page long)

TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB 377

Aloha Chair Chang and Members of the Committee:

The Hawai'i Chapter of the Sierra Club, with 8,000 dues-paying members and supporters, supports HB 377. This measure would wisely give state lease preference to builders of Hawaiian fishponds.

Techniques for establishing and maintaining aquaculture have been increasingly criticized for their environmental impacts, including erosion, coastal degradation, and increased occurrence of harmful algal blooms (Maso & Garces 2006, Jayappa et al. 2006, Pergent-Martini et al. 2006). These environmental conditions have caused numerous ecological (i.e. fish die-offs, marine mammal strandings) as well as human health concerns, namely the consumption of infected fish and crustaceans and the ingestion of contaminated water (Sapkota et al. 2007, Vasas et al. 2007, Lopez-Rodas et al. 2006, Maso & Garces 2006).

Ironically, Hawai'i is cited as the home of an environmentally sensitive method to raise food for human consumption. Internationally, Hawaiian fishponds are being actively studied as a successful model for adoption (Chopin 2006, Troell et al. 2003). These systems were built to be self-sufficient, and used to grow a variety of fish, invertebrates, and algae. Fishponds, besides being steeped in cultural tradition and offering the potential of an environmentally sensitive source of food, can be a home to endangered marsh birds and other birds, fish and aquatic animals.

In short, we believe the state should encourage the preservation and development of new Hawaiian fishponds by giving preference to these projects when leasing state land. We respectfully request this committee advance this measure.

Thank you for this opportunity to provide testimony.

HB 377 Relating to Hawaiian Fishpond Lease Preference

Committee:WLO

Room: 325

Hearing Date:2/7/2011 9:00:00 AM

Aloha Rep. Chang and Rep. Har,

I wanted to thank you for hearing the fishpond bill HB377. The bill gives preference to those using Hawaiian fishponds for their intended purpose and streamlines the State application approval process. The State should be helping communities as they restore Hawaiian fishponds and not throwing up roadblocks that suck up money and volunteer momentum. Working fishponds increase the abundance of fish, strengthen communities and provide outstanding educational opportunities. They also benefit the State by safeguarding water resources like springs which often feed into fishponds.

This bill is long overdue. We have few historic fishponds left and this will help reverse the trend of fishponds being ruined from neglect. It's time to say no more. Let's keep our ponds from dying due to regulatory burdens. Many of these are redundant and not necessary since pond operators already have to go through stringent regulatory hurdles.

Mahalo for your consideration,

Chris Cramer

Chris Cramer

President
Maunalua Fishpond Heritage Center 501(c)(3)
P.O. Box 240204
Honolulu, HI 96824-0204
maunaluafishpondheritage.com

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THE TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE **REGULAR SESSION OF 2011**

COMMITTEE ON WATER, LAND, & OCEAN RESOURCES

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NOTICE OF HEARING

DATE:

Monday, February 07, 2011

TIME:

9:00 a.m.

PLACE:

Conference Room 325

State Capitol

415 South Beretania Street

Re:

TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB377

From: Tony Costa

Hawaii Nearshore Fishermen

Honolulu, Hawaii 540-1308 office

Testimony

Hawaii Nearshore Fishermen are in strong support of HB377.

In the 2010, Twenty-fifth Legislative Session, HB1665 - Preventing the sale of Government owned fishponds passed. The passage of this bill effectively took a historic fishpond, the Lucas Spring Fishpond otherwise known as Kalauhaihai, off the auction block but more importantly initiated a process to begin the preservation and rehabilitation of a great and historic Hawaiian Fishpond.

Critical to the successful restoration of fishponds are both the ability and feasibility for NGO groups or Government agencies to access and follow through with their work, and also the careful restoration, reconnection, and revival of the fresh water source that percolates through the subterranean lateral crevices into the ponds and onward into the nearshore environment.

Of the many impediments one faces in such work of property acquisitions and leases and management, particularly with fishponds, are the many State and Federal requirements and permits and certifications needed.

HB377 would allow a preference specific to developers of Hawaiian fishponds by streamlining the permitting process hopefully to lesson some of the many onerous requirements.

The Fishermen's position is firm and clear. In light of the importance that fresh water plays with respect to nearshore habitat and healthy recruitment levels for various nearshore species, we support any effort that helps to encourage the health and regeneration of our nearshore environment.

I attach herewith my testimony for HB1665 as exhibit "A" from last year's session as I believe it also contains relevant testimony toward fishponds and the importance of fresh water to the nearshore. I also attach exhibit "B" which is the lengthily list of Federal & State requirement currently needed to develop fishpond land.

Thank you very much for allowing me to testify and for your positive consideration in passing HB377

Tony Costa Hawaii Nearshore Fishermen X 25.3.7

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES THE TWENTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION OF 2009

COMMITTEE ON HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS

Rep. Mele Carroll, Chair Rep. Maile S.L. Shimabukuro, Vice Chair

Rep. Della Au Belatti

Rep. Scott Y. Nishimoto

Rep. Joe Bertram, IX

Rep. Ryan I. Yamane

Rep. Tom Brower Rep. Gene Ward

Rep. John M. Mizuno

DATE:

Wednesday, February 11, 2009

TIME: / 9:00 a.m.

CF: Confor

Conference Room 329

State Capitol

415 South Beretania Street

Re:

TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB1665

From: Tony Costa

Hawaii Nearshore Fishermen

Honolulu, Hawaii 540-1308 office

Testimony

HNF are in strong support of HB1665

Fishermen believe there is nothing more important you can do for our nearshore fisheries than rehabilitate the nearshore estuarine habitat – one most important first step component being the fresh spring water revival.

Much has been proclaimed over the past ten years or so about "resource decline" and failed fisheries or other negative assessments about our oceans and reef. Never before has so much attention been given to nearshore resource conditions.

As the various groups rush to promote favorite measures to "save the reef", we note that habitat loss, fresh water diversion, siltation or pollution rarely gets any attention as an important component in the condition of the reef. Yet, most all State and Non-Governmental groups do seem keener to focus on and malign traditional fishing practices as the single most urgent thing to prohibit as a fix.

While we understand the shortsighted world view most lay people have regarding the nearshore, fishermen remain optimistic that the misunderstanding about our ocean environments and the

fishermen themselves will in time, evolve into a better awareness that will eventually lead to a spirit of shared responsibility and coexistence.

The fishermen believe habitat loss is the primary culprit of any downside in fish population with recruitment being the important factor. Recruitment (new babies surviving) depends on many factors but condition of habitat surely is great. You can't have one without the other.

Biologists also tell us that recruitment is independent of spawning stock biomass (amount of pregnant egg baring mothers). In other words, if conditions are just right (nursery habitat, water, temp, nutrients, stars lining up etc.) one single pregnant female can be responsible for millions of offspring (hypothetical).

When the kalalimu disappeared from Maunalua Bay due to the siltation associated from the dredging of Koko Marina in the 1950's, the Kala (fish) also disappeared -

We believe the single most effective thing you could do to help in recruitment of nearshore reef species and nearshore pelagic species would be to rehab the nursery grounds. One important ingredient in our nearshore nursery ground is the underground artesian spring waters that naturally percolate into our nearshore areas.

HB 1665 is one small step in insuring that some of these nearshore spring water systems remain not disturbed and as functional as possible by not allowing the sale of public fishpond lands.

The Fishermen want to commend the efforts and energies by all legislators and community members who wrote and are in support of this bill.

We strongly support HB1665

Tony Costa Hawaii Nearshore Fishermen

Permit requirements

Here are the permits required for each government entity. The actual permit process may vary depending on the situation.

Federal permits

Department of Army

Clean Water Act-404

Historic Site Review-Sec. 106

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Review)

National Marine Fisheries Service (R)

Coastal Zone Management (CZM)
Consistency Statement

For state-owned loko i'a, additional requirements is state-leased fishponds are as follows:

DLNR-Land Management Division State Lease mechanism

Nonprofit 501(c) or 501(c)3 status

Metes and Bounds Survey and Land Appraisal

Lease Rent Negotiations

Right-of-Entry Permit

Insurance Coverage

Building Permit

State permits

Department of Land and Natural Resources

Conservation District Use Permits

Environmental Impact Statement (343 HRS) or Environmental Assessment

Coastal Zone Management Program

Dept. of Health 401 WQ Certification

State Historic Preservation Office (four conditional requirements)

County permits

County

Shoreline Management Area (SMA) Permit

Shoreline Setback Variance (Survey)

Grading, Grubbing, and Stockpiling Permit

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